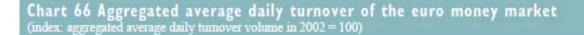


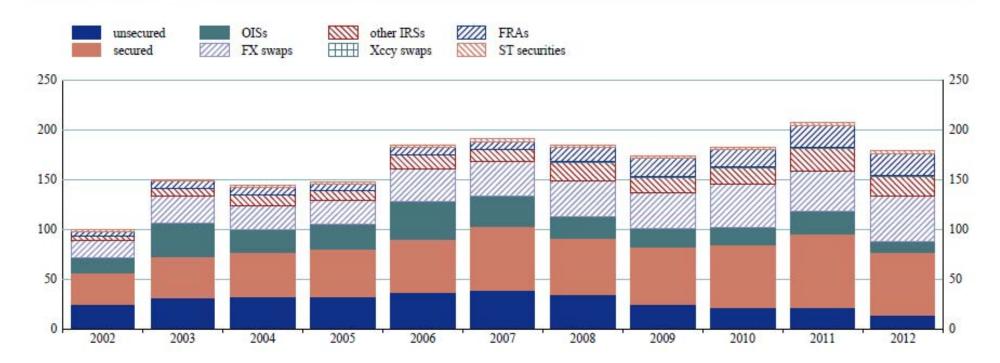
The Euro Money Market Survey 2012

Annette Kamps, Front Office Division Frankfurt am Main, September 2012

I. Euro money market across time and segments

- Decline in aggregate turnover (by 14%)
- The secured market remained largest segment but declined by 15% in 2012.
- Only increases in FX swaps (+12%) and FRAs (+4%).





Source: ECB

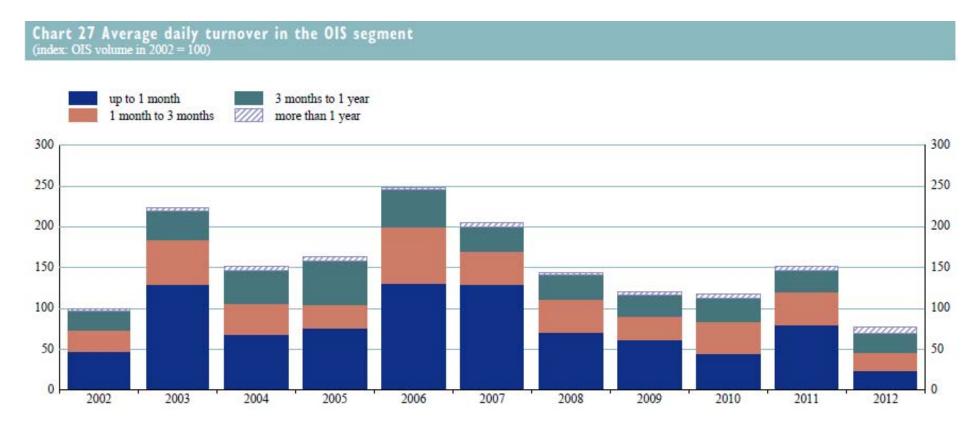
2. Unsecured market

- Unsecured interbank market beyond I month almost non-existent
- Deterioration in perceived efficiency and liquidity in unsecured market

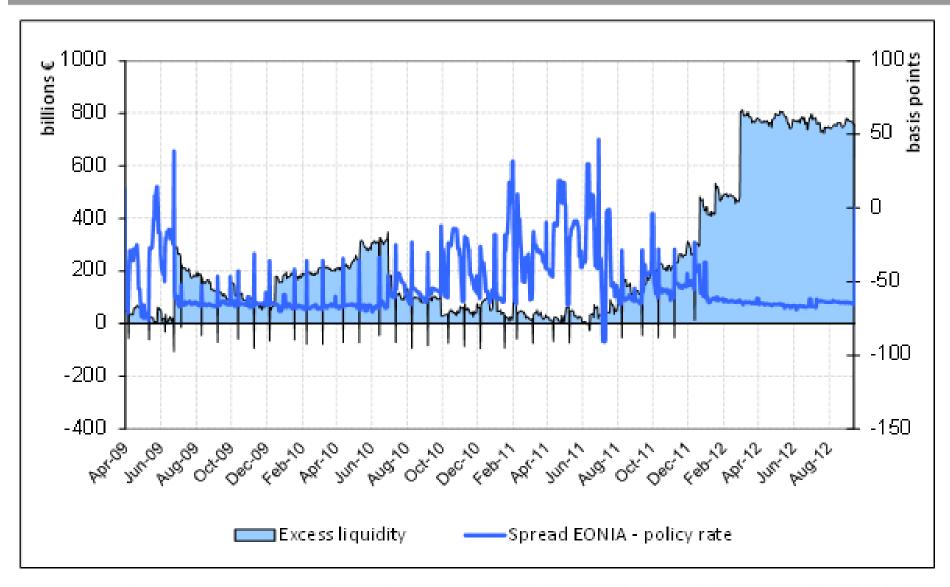
Chart 2 Maturity breakdown for average daily turnover Chart 8 Is the unsecured segment in your opinion efficient? in unsecured lending (index: cash lending volume in 2002 = 100) (percentages of total) 3 months to 1 year limitedly and not efficient extremely efficient T/N to 1 month more than 1 year limitedly efficient* significantly efficient 1 month to 3 months not efficient* sufficiently efficient 160 160 100 140 140 80 80 120 120 100 100 60 60 80 80 40 40 60 60 40 20 20 20 20 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012

3. Derivatives market: OIS segment

• OIS segment decreased markedly in particular for shorter maturities



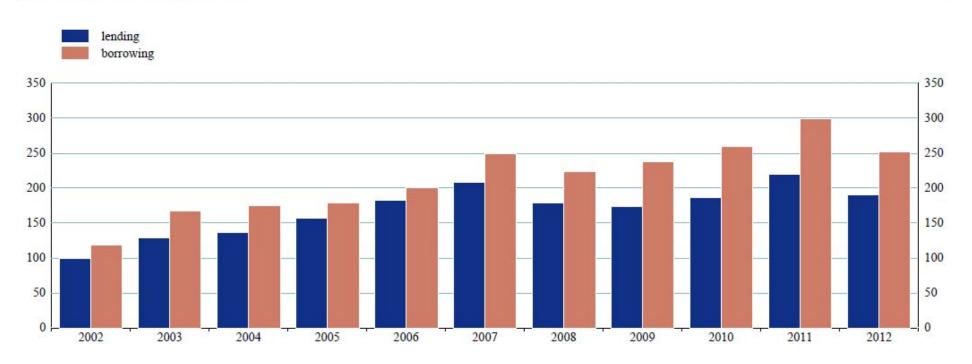
4. Low EONIA rates and reduced volatility lower OIS turnover?



5. Euro Money Market: Secured market

- Activity in the secured market declined by 15%
- The secured market remained the largest money market segment





6. ICMA June 2012 – comparison with MMS

- Total repo business declined by I4% between June 2011 and June 2012 based on the constant panel
- Share of reserve repo increased

Table 2.1 – Total repo business from 2001 to 2012

survey	total	repo	reverse repo
2012 June	5,647	48.7%	51.3%
2011 December	6,204	50.3%	49.7%
2011 June	6,124	50.7%	49.3%
2010 December	5,908	51.0%	49.0%
2010 June	6,885	53.7%	46.3%
2009 December	5,582	50.0%	50.0%
2009 June	4,868	52.2%	47.8%
2008 December	4,633	49.9%	50.1%
2008 June	6,504	48.8%	51.2%
2007 December	6,382	49.4%	50.6%
2007 June	6,775	50.8%	49.2%

Note: Data is for total (not constant) panel

Source: ICMA

7. Collateral analysis

- Modest shift out of euro area collateral for ICMA report
- Some increase in other collateral in MMS, but no clear trend.

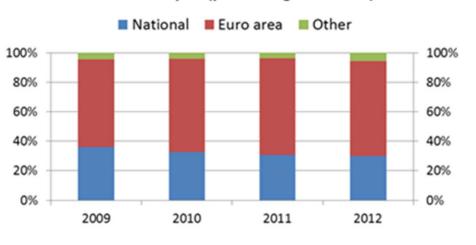
ICMA Survey

MMS

Table 2.8 - Collateral analysis

	June 2012	December 2011	June 2011
Germany	20.7%	20.9%	22.4%
Italy	8.3%	7.0%	10.0%
France	8.6%	9.8%	9.9%
Belgium	3.8%	4.1%	2.2%
Spain	5.0%	6.7%	7.1%
other eurozone	7.0%	7.6%	6.6%
UK	15.0%	12.5%	11.1%
DKK, SEK	2.8%	2.3%	2.4%
US	3.3%	3.1%	2.4%
Accession countries	0.7%	0.5%	0.8%
Japan	2.7%	5.2%	4.2%
other OECD	11.1%	10.4%	11.9%
other fixed income	10.0%	9.9%	8.0%
equity	0.2%	0.0%	0.9%

Geographical collateral breakdown for bilateral repos (percentages of total)



Source: ICMA Source: ECB

8. Counterparty analysis

- The share of 'national' counterparties increased for unsecured
- For the secured market there is no clear trend

ICMA Survey

MMS

Figure 2.2 - Geographical analysis

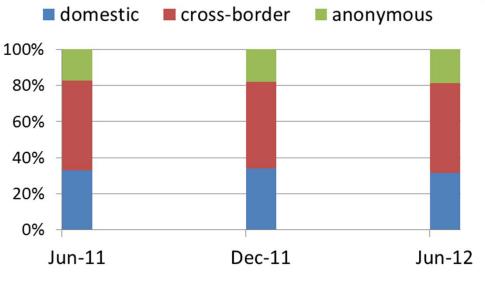
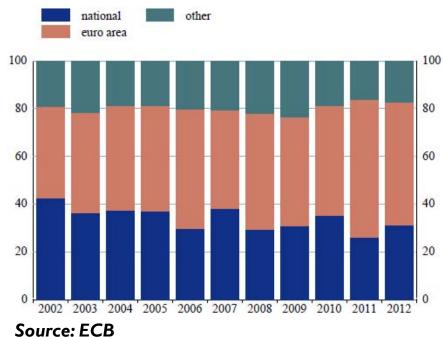


Chart 24 Counterparty structure of secured transactions percentages of total)

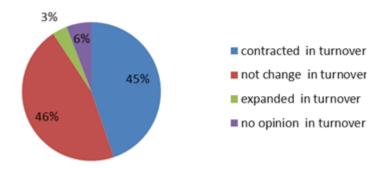


Source: ICMA, **ECB** chart

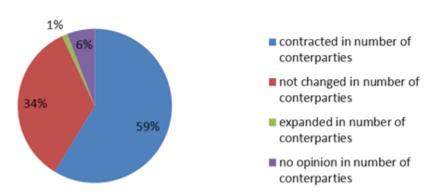
9. Counterparty analysis – impact of limits

- Limits on counterparties restrained interbank activity
- Effect lower on overall turnover than on number of counterparties

Impact of limits on turnover



Impact of limits on number of counterparties



Source: ECB Source: ECB

10. Issues for discussion

- Do low interest rates and low interest rate volatility help explain the decline in turnover in OIS and other short-term interest rate derivatives?
- What are the main drivers behind the increase in the FX swap market?
- How strong is the "home bias" in choice of collateral and counterparties?